

PROBLEMS AND SOLUTIONS - LOGARITHMIC FUNCTIONS Prepared by Ingrid Stewart, Ph.D., College of Southern Nevada Please Send Questions and Comments to ingrid.stewart@csn.edu. Thank you!

PLEASE NOTE THAT YOU CANNOT ALWAYS USE A CALCULATOR ON THE ACCUPLACER - COLLEGE-LEVEL MATHEMATICS TEST! YOU MUST BE ABLE TO DO SOME PROBLEMS WITHOUT A CALCULATOR!

Problem 1:

Find the following for $h(x) = \log x$

- a. Domain
- b. Coordinates of the x-intercept
- c. Coordinates of the y-intercept
- d. Equation of the vertical asymptote

Problem 2:

Find the following for f(x) = log(-x).

- a. Domain
- b. Coordinates of the x-intercept
- c. Coordinates of the y-intercept
- d. Equation of the vertical asymptote

Problem 3:

Find the following for f(x) = log(x + 2) - 1.

- a. Domain
- b. Coordinates of the x-intercept
- c. Coordinates of the y-intercept. Round to 2 decimal places.
- d. Equation of the vertical asymptote

Problem 4:

Find the following for $k(x) = \log x + 2$.

- a. Domain
- b. Coordinates of the x-intercept. Round to 2 decimal places.
- c. Coordinates of the y-intercept
- d. Equation of the vertical asymptote

Problem 5:

Graph $g(x) = \ln x$. Note we a discussing the natural logarithm "el en of x"!

- a. Domain
- b. Coordinates of the x-intercept
- c. Coordinates of the y-intercept
- d. Equation of the vertical asymptote

Problem 6:

Find the following for $p(x) = log_2(x-1) + 3$

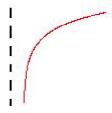
- a. Domain
- b. Coordinates of the x-intercept
- c. Coordinates of the y-intercept
- d. Equation of the vertical asymptote

SOLUTIONS

You can find detailed solutions below the link for this problem set!

Problem 1:

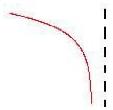
The graph has the following shape:



- Its domain is (0, □).
- The coordinates of the x-intercept are (1, 0).
- NO y-intercepts.
- Equation of the Vertical Asymptote: **x** = **0**

Problem 2:

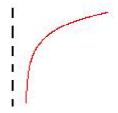
The graph has the following shape:



- Its domain is (∞, 0).
- The coordinates of the x-intercept are (-1, 0).
- **NO** y-intercepts.
- Equation of the Vertical Asymptote: $\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}$

Problem 3:

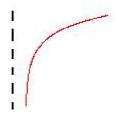
The graph has the following shape:



- Its domain is *(-2, •••)*.
- The coordinates of the x-intercept are (8, 0).
- The coordinates of the y-intercept are approximately (0, -0.70).
- Equation of the Vertical Asymptote: X = -2

Problem 4:

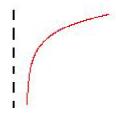
The graph has the following shape:



- Its domain is (0, ∞).
- The coordinates of the x-intercept are (0.01, 0).
- No y-intercepts.
- Equation of the Vertical Asymptote: **x** = **0**

Problem 5:

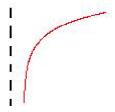
The graph has the following shape:



- Its domain is (0, ∞).
- The coordinates of the x-intercept are (1, 0).
- **No** y-intercepts.
- Equation of the Vertical Asymptote: **x** = **0**

Problem 6:

The graph has the following shape:



- Its domain is (1, ∞).
- The coordinates of the x-intercept are $(\frac{9}{8}, 0)$
- No y-intercepts.
- Equation of the Vertical Asymptote: **x** = **1**